



Anticipatory Guidance: Birth - 10 Years

CHILD AND TEEN CHECKUPS (C&TC) FACT SHEET FOR PRIMARY CARE PROVIDERS

Anticipatory guidance is required at every C&TC visit. Include topics such as healthy relationships, healthy lifestyle, injury prevention, and illness prevention.

C&TC standards

General

Anticipatory guidance is required at every C&TC visit birth through 10 years of age. This guidance supports health and development and prevents injury and illness as the child grows.

Personnel

A licensed health care provider must provide anticipatory guidance: physician, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or registered or public health nurse (RN or PHN) who has completed the C&TC Comprehensive Screening training through the Minnesota Department of Health.

Documentation

Document the discussion of ageappropriate anticipatory guidance and health education.

Refer to the <u>C&TC Provider Documentation</u> <u>Forms</u> for documentation examples or to use as a template with your electronic medical record.

Procedure

Focus anticipatory guidance on concerns from the child and parent/caregiver, health history, physical exam findings, and recommended age-appropriate health promotion and illness or injury prevention.

Importance of anticipatory guidance

Parents and guardians reported decreased stress and increased effective parenting practices after receiving anticipatory guidance (Hsu, Lee, Lai, Tsai, & Chiu, 2018).

Key resources to provide to caregivers and youth

Healthy relationships

Safe, stable, and nurturing relationships help ease difficulties and improve resilience when dealing with adversity in the future (Garner, Yogman, & Committee On Psychosocial Aspects of Child And Fam, 2021).

- Positive Parenting Tips
- Ages and Stages

Healthy lifestyle

Encourage active lifestyles and healthy behaviors to promote lifelong healthy habits.

- Healthy Living
- Oral Health Tips for Children
- Kids and Sleep
- Power of Play Toolkit
- Early Literacy

Injury prevention

Counseling parents about preventing injuries positively impacts safety behaviors (Hagan J.F., 2017).

- Safety Tips
- Gun Safety Campaign Toolkit
- Safe to Sleep
- Child Passenger Safety
- Preventing Unintentional Poisonings from Cannabis Products

Illness prevention

Prolonged contact with others in daycare, preschools, and schools puts children at higher risk of getting sick.

Germ Prevention Strategies

Raising healthy children:

- Infants & Toddlers Ages 0-3
- Children Ages 4-11

Professional recommendations

American Academy of Pediatrics

Bright Futures, fourth edition, provides recommendations for anticipatory guidance by topic and age (Hagan J.F., 2017).

Resources

Minnesota Department of Human Services

- <u>C&TC Schedule of Age-Related</u> <u>Screening Standards</u>
- Minnesota Health Care Programs
 (MHCP) Provider Manual C&TC Section

Minnesota Department of Health

Child and Teen Checkups (C&TC)

For more information

The Child and Teen Checkups (C&TC) program is administered through a partnership between the Minnesota Department of Human Services and the Minnesota Department of Health.

For questions about this fact sheet or to obtain this information in a different format, call 651-201-3650 or email health.childteencheckups@state.mn.us.

Revised 04/2025

Resource links

- <u>C&TC Provider Documentation Forms</u>
 (https://mn.gov/dhs/partners-and-providers/policies-procedures/minnesota-health-care-programs/provider/types/ctc-resources)
- Positive Parenting Tips (https://www.cdc.gov/childdevelopment/positive-parentingtips/index.html)
- Ages and Stages
 (www.healthychildren.org/English/ages-stages/Pages/default.aspx)
- Healthy Living (www.healthychildren.org/english/healthyliving/pages/default.aspx)
- Oral Health Tips for Children
 (https://www.cdc.gov/oral-health/prevention/oral-health-tips-for-children.html)
- Kids and Sleep (https://kidshealth.org/en/parents/sleep.ht ml)
- Power of Play Toolkit
 (www.aap.org/en/news-room/campaigns-and-toolkits/power-of-play-toolkit)
- Early Literacy (https://www.aap.org/en/patientcare/early-childhood/early-childhoodhealth-and-development/early-literacy/)
- Safety Tips (www.safekids.org/safetytips)
- Gun Safety Campaign Toolkit
 (https://www.aap.org/en/news-room/campaigns-and-toolkits/gun-safety)
- <u>Safe to Sleep</u>
 (https://safetosleep.nichd.nih.gov/resource s/order)
- Child Passenger Safety
 (https://www.cdc.gov/child-passenger-safety/about/index.html)

- Preventing Unintentional Poisonings from <u>Cannabis Products</u> (www.health.state.mn.us/communities/cannabis/thcpoisonings.html)
- Germ Prevention Strategies
 (www.healthychildren.org/English/health-issues/conditions/prevention/Pages/Germ-Prevention-Strategies.aspx)
- Infants & Toddlers Ages 0-3
 (https://www.cdc.gov/parents/infants/index.html)
- <u>Children Ages 4-11</u>
 (https://www.cdc.gov/parents/children/index.html)
- C&TC Schedule of Age-Related Screening <u>Standards</u>
 (https://edocs.dhs.state.mn.us/lfserver/Pub lic/DHS-3379-ENG)
- Minnesota Health Care Programs (MHCP) Provider Manual - C&TC Section (www.dhs.state.mn.us/main/idcplg?IdcServ ice=GET_DYNAMIC_CONVERSION&Revision SelectionMethod=LatestReleased&dDocNa me=dhs16_150092)
- Child and Teen Checkups (C&TC)
 (www.health.state.mn.us/divs/cfh/program /ctc/index.cfm)

References

Garner, A., Yogman, M., & Committee On Psychosocial Aspects of Child And Fam. (2021). Preventing Childhood Toxic Stress: Partnering With Families and Communities to Promote Relational Health. *Pediatrics*, 148(2). doi:10.1542/peds.2021-052582

Hagan J.F., S. J. (2017). *Bright Futures, 4th ed*. Elk Grove Village, IL: American Academy of Pediatrics.

Hsu, H.-C., Lee, S.-Y., Lai, C.-M., Tsai, W.-L., & Chiu, H.-T. (2018). Effects of Pediatric Anticipatory Guidance on Mothers of Young Children. *Western Journal of Nursing Research*, 305-326.